

03-21-00

A/Reissue

03/20/00
jc571 U.S. PTO

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PTO/SB/50(4/98)



REISSUE PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Address to: Assistant Commissioner for Patents Box Patent Application Washington, DC 20231	Attorney Docket No.	560.027
	First Named Inventor	Vahran Bardisbanyan
	Original Patent Number	5,765,398
	Original Patent Issue Date (Month/Day/Year)	June 16, 1998
	Express Mail Label No.	EL414755475US

APPLICATION FOR REISSUE OF: ☒ Utility Patent ☐ Design Patent ☐ Plant Patent
(check applicable box)

APPLICATION ELEMENTS	ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS
1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *Fee Transmittal Form (PTO/SB/56) (Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)	7. <input type="checkbox"/> Foreign Priority Claim (35 U.S.C. 119) (if applicable)
2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification and Claims (amended, if appropriate)	8. <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of IDS Citations
3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) (proposed amendments, if appropriate)	9. <input type="checkbox"/> English Translation of Reissue Oath/Declaration (if applicable)
4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reissue Oath/Declaration (original or copy) (37 C.F.R. § 1.175) (PTO/SB/51 or 52)	10. <input type="checkbox"/> *Small Entity Statement(s) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired (PTO/SB/09-12)
5. Original U.S. Patent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offer to Surrender Original Patent (37 C.F.R. § 1.178) (PTO/SB/53 or PTO/SB/54) or <input type="checkbox"/> Ribboned Original Patent Grant <input type="checkbox"/> Affidavit/Declaration of Loss (PTO/SB/55)	11. <input type="checkbox"/> Preliminary Amendment
6. Original U.S. Patent currently assigned? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (If Yes, check applicable box(es)) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Written Consent of all Assignees (PTO/SB/53 or 54) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b) Statement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney	12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
	13. <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ _____ _____ _____

*** NOTE FOR ITEMS 1 & 10: IN ORDER TO BE ENTITLED TO PAY SMALL ENTITY FEES, A SMALL ENTITY STATEMENT IS REQUIRED (37 C.F.R. § 1.27), EXCEPT IF ONE FILED IN A PRIOR APPLICATION IS RELIED UPON (37 C.F.R. § 1.28).**

jc511 U.S. PTO
09/531299
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14. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

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Signature		Date	

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Reissue Application No:

Patent No.: **5,765,398**

Filed: **Nov. 4, 1996**

Granted: **Jun. 16, 1998**

Patentee: **Vahran Bardisbanyan**

Assignee: **Marquesa, Inc.**

Title: ***Method and Apparatus for
Assembling Stones in Jewelry***

Attorney Docket No.: **560.027**

Commissioner for Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

REISSUE APPLICATION BY THE INVENTOR,
OFFER TO SURRENDER PATENT

This is part of the application for a reissue patent based on the original patent identified below.

Name of Patentee Vahran Bardisbanyan

Patent Number 5,765,398 Date Patent Issued Jun. 16, 1998

Title of Invention Method and Apparatus for Assembling Stones in Jewelry

I am the inventor of the original patent.

I offer to surrender the original patent.

1. ☒ Filed herein is a certificate under 37 CFR 3.73(b)

2. ☐ Ownership of the patent is in the inventor, and no assignment of the patent has been made.

The written consent of all assignees owning an undivided interest in the original patent is included in this application for reissue.

Signature  3/1/00 Date

Typed or Printed Name Vahram Bardisbanyan

Reissue Application No:

Patent No.: **5,765,398**

Filed: **Nov. 4, 1996**

Granted: **Jun. 16, 1998**

Patentee: **Vahran Bardisbanyan**

Assignee: **Marquesa, Inc.**

Title: ***Method and Apparatus for
Assembling Stones in Jewelry***

Attorney Docket No.: **560.027**

Commissioner for Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

CONSENT OF ASSIGNEE.
CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 CFR 3.73(b)

The assignee owning an undivided interest in the above original patent is Marquesa, Inc. and the assignee consents to the accompanying application for reissue.

The assignment of assignor's interest to Marquesa, Inc. is recorded on


reel/frame number: 8242/0982 recordation date: Nov. 04, 1996

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issued thereon, or any patent to which this declaration is directed.

Name of Assignee Marquesa, Inc.


Signature of the Person Signing for Assignee

Date

_____ 

_____ 3/1/00

Typed or Printed Name and Title of the Person Signing for Assignee

Vahram Bardisbanyan _____ 

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ASSEMBLING STONES IN JEWELRY

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and novel method and apparatus for setting precious stones in jewelry rings or the like and is especially adapted to setting stones in round structural elements such as rings, bracelets, earrings, etc.

Stone setting is a highly-skilled art. In fine jewelry, precious and non-precious stones are often set in prongs formed in the jewelry. Skilled workers are required to perform such setting operations, and sometimes such stones can be damaged. Since labor is an expensive element in the manufacture of jewelry, various approaches have been employed to simplify the assembly of jewelry, especially fine jewelry employing precious and non-precious stones.

In the conventional prior practice, each stone is mounted in its own housing or prong setting. If two or more stones are to be connected, then mountings are linked in an article of jewelry.

An object of this invention is to provide an improved method of assembling colored, precious and semi-precious stones in gold and silver jewelry.

Another object of this invention is to simplify the assembly procedure so as to utilize workers of lower skill.

Yet another object of this invention is to provide such an apparatus and method which reduces the cost of assembly of gold and silver jewelry.

Other objects, advantages and features of this invention will become more apparent from the following description.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the principles of this invention, precious and non-precious stones are set in round jewelry such as rings, earrings and the like by providing apertures in the surface of the jewelry onto which the stones are placed. The size of the apertures is smaller than the stone so that the stone nests in the aperture. The ring or jewelry structure located between the apertures provides a bearing surface and assembly members are pushed on top of each stone to create a downward pressure on the stones. Each assembly member comprises a projecting pin which passes through a corresponding small hole near the respective apertures. Cold soldering is employed to secure the projecting pin in place, thereby securing each stone in place in the jewelry. Different structural forms and shapes for the holding members are provided, and different stone shapes can be accommodated.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an exploded perspective view of the elements of the present invention prior to assembly.

FIG. 2 is a side view of a channel member and corresponding tube into which the channel member is located to secure the same to the jewelry ring.

FIG. 3 is a sectional view taken along lines 3—3 of the ring of FIG. 1 with some of the elements already mounted in position;

FIG. 4 is another perspective view illustrating additional stones set in place pursuant to the method and apparatus of FIGS. 1 through 3.

FIG. 5 is an exploded perspective view of another embodiment of the present invention with a different type jewelry ring, different stones and different assembly members.

FIG. 6 is a view of the assembly member and corresponding connectors used to assemble the stone as in to FIG. 5.

FIG. 7 is another exploded perspective view illustrating the first and second of said stones being attached to a ring in accordance with the method and apparatus of this invention.

FIG. 8 is a partial side sectional view along lines 8—8 of FIG. 7 with some of the elements already mounted in position;

FIG. 9 is a view similar to FIG. 8 showing the process of attaching stones to the ring.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

FIGS. 1 through 4 illustrate a first embodiment of the present invention in which stones 10, preferably oval are secured to a ring 12 by assembly members 14. Each assembly member 14 resembles a tack and comprises a rounded semi-spherical head 16 connected to a center pin 18 which provides a general mushroom shape. The head 16 has a lower annular bearing surface 20.

The ring 12 is relatively thin-walled. Apertures 20 having the approximate shape of the stones to be set therein are drilled or otherwise formed by casting in the ring structure. The size of the apertures 20 roughly corresponds to slightly less than the size of the girdle 22 of each of the stones. To attach the stones to the ring, a first stone 10 is placed in corresponding aperture 20 and a first tack 14 is placed through a small hole 26 located in the ring near adjacent aperture 20. Pin 18 fits through hole 26. The stone 10 is set in the aperture 20, and tack or assembly member 14 is pressed down on top of the stone to hold the stone in place. A sleeve or tubing 28 is slid on the pin 16 under the ring. A cold soldering or fusion welding process is employed to attach pin 16 to sleeve 28. Such tool uses cold soldering and maybe a tool known as Tack 3 sold by ABI of 200 Jefferson Boulevard, Warwick, R.I. Cold fusion welding is a process which securely joins metal members together without the use of significant heat. By avoiding the use of significant heat in the assembly of jewelry elements, potential damage to the gemstones, gold and/or silver is avoided while the structural assembly is formed rigid.

In order to assemble three stones 10 as in FIG. 1, each of the tacks 14 is assembled sequentially one side to the other after a prior sequential tack is secured in place. Each stone is located beneath the respective annular bearing surfaces of each respective pairs of said tacks on opposite ends of the stone. The cold soldering process is illustrated in FIGS. 1-4, and the size of the tube or sleeve is small enough so that it does not interfere with the wearing of the ring. As an alternate embodiment, each hole 26 may itself terminate in a downwardly projecting angular flange or sleeve into which the respective pin would fit, so as not to eliminate the need for a separate sleeve. As illustrated in FIG. 4, the stones 10 are readily, quickly and effectively secured to the ring to provide an attractive appearance without need for expert jewelers to assemble the stones. By eliminating the conventional prong approach, significant savings in time, effort and expense is realized.

FIGS. 5 through 9 illustrate yet another embodiment of the present invention in which the assembly members have a different shape and are used to secure octagon stones to a ring.

FIG. 5 illustrates a ring 50 having a head portion 51 adapted to receive three stones 52 between four assembly points 54. Each stone is an octagon and three recesses or apertures 56 are formed in the head of the ring 50. The assembly or connecting members 58 comprise pairs of

parallel support bars 60 of a downward U-shape with a pair of projecting pins 62 depending downward therefrom. The edges 64 of the connecting members straddle the outer sides 66 of the respective octagon marquis stones and are tightly pressed against the respective side edges 68 of the head 51, so as to form a bearing surface holding the stone firmly into holes 69 formed at assembly points 54. The holes 69 are formed as pieces between respective apertures 56 to receive the pairs of pins 62 formed in connecting member 58. Sleeves or tubes 70 are slid on pins 62 at the underside of each of the holes 69. As illustrated in FIG. 7, cold soldering is employed to attach each sleeve to each pin to securely assemble and hold the stone against the ring. During assembly, the connecting members 58 of FIGS. 5 through 9 are firmly pressed down on the respective stones pressing against the respective portion of the stones so as to hold the cold soldering is employed to fixedly connect the connecting members to the sleeves.

This invention has been described with reference to several embodiments. Other shapes or forms for the connecting members which bear against the stones holding them in the apertures in the rings may be employed. Further, the invention has been described with reference to jewelry rings, but other round jewelry structures such as bracelets or the like could employ the assembly apparatus and method of the present invention. Further, the assembly of precious and non-precious stones to jewelry may also be employed if the jewelry were flat and not round such as found in pendants or the like with the assembly of the stones still using the same pressure with the connecting members bearing against respective surfaces of the stones to hold the stones are in respective apertures as the cold soldering process is employed.

I claim:

1. A combination of a gem stone, an item of jewelry and a connecting member to secure said gemstone to said item of jewelry, said combination comprising:

said item of jewelry having a surface to which said gemstone is to be secured, said surface having a longer and shorter dimension which could be interchangeable if the surface is square, said gemstone having a profile which generally approximates the girdle of the gemstone,

said gemstone having opposite ends in the general direction of the longer dimension of said surface, said gemstone having an upper surface and a lower surface, said surface of said item of jewelry comprising an aperture having an opening similarly shaped and slightly smaller than the profile of said gemstone, said aperture having ends thereof corresponding to said ends of said gemstone so that said lower surface of said gemstone projects through said aperture,

said surface further comprising at least an additional aperture located adjacent an end of said gemstone.

a connecting member having a bearing surface which bears on the upper surface of said gemstone,

said connecting member comprising a pin extending downwardly through said additional aperture,

a sleeve located below said surface,

said connecting member being pushed downwardly on said gemstone to hold said gemstone in place, said sleeve being cold soldered to said pin to secure said connecting member in place.

2. A combination as set forth in claim 1, wherein said item of jewelry is a ring.

4. A combination as set forth in claim 3, wherein said connecting member comprises a tack with a head and a central pin depending therefrom.

5. A combination as set forth in claim 3 wherein said connecting member comprises a bar which straddles the gemstone.

6. A combination as set forth in claim 3 wherein said connecting member comprises a bar which straddles the gemstone.

7. A combination as set forth in claim 5 wherein said connecting member comprises a pair of bars so as to have each respective bar bear upon a respective gemstone set next to each other.

8. A combination as set forth in claim 2 wherein said connecting member comprises a bar which straddles the gemstone.

9. A combination as set forth in claim 2 wherein said connecting member comprises a pair of bars so as to have each respective bar bear upon a respective gemstone set next to each other.

10. A combination as set forth in claim 2 wherein said gemstones are connected to form a row of gemstones.

11. A combination as set forth in claim 2, wherein said sleeve is separate from said connecting member and is slid on said connecting member beneath said surface.

12. A combination as set forth in claim 1, wherein said item of jewelry is a pendant.

13. A combination as set forth in claim 12 wherein said connecting member comprises a bar which straddles the gemstone.

14. A combination as set forth in claim 12 wherein said connecting member comprises a pair of bars so as to have each respective bar bear upon a respective gemstone set next to each other.

15. A combination as set forth in claim 12 wherein said gemstones are connected to form a row of gemstones.

16. A combination as set forth in claim 12, wherein said sleeve is separate from said connecting member and is slid on said connecting member beneath said surface.

17. A combination as set forth in claim 1, wherein said surface further comprises at least an additional aperture at either end of said gemstones.

18. A combination as set forth in claim 17, wherein said connecting member comprises a tack with a head and a central pin depending therefrom.

19. A combination as set forth in claim 17 wherein said connecting member comprises a bar which straddles the gemstone.

20. A combination as set forth in claim 17 wherein said connecting member comprises a pair of bars so as to have each respective bar bear upon a respective gemstone set next to each other.

21. A combination as set forth in claim 1 wherein said connecting member comprises a pair of bars so as to have each respective bar bear upon a respective gemstone set next to each other.

22. A combination as set forth in claim 1 wherein said gemstones are connected to form a row of gemstones.

23. A combination as set forth in claim 1 wherein said connecting member comprises a bar and said pin comprises a pair of pins, wherein said at least an additional aperture

Economic Indicators		Financial Indicators	
Indicator	Value	Indicator	Value
GDP (Billion \$)	1,200	Interest Rate (%)	5.0
Unemployment (%)	4.5	Stock Market Index	12,500
Inflation (%)	2.5	Foreign Exchange Rate (\$/£)	1.50
Trade Balance (\$B)	100	Government Debt (\$B)	500
Public Debt (\$B)	300	Central Bank Assets (\$B)	200
Household Savings (%)	10.0	Corporate Profits (\$B)	150
Consumer Spending (\$B)	800	Export Value (\$B)	120
Government Spending (\$B)	250	Import Value (\$B)	110
Research & Development (\$B)	50	Healthcare Spending (\$B)	300
Education Spending (\$B)	40	Infrastructure Spending (\$B)	20
Defense Spending (\$B)	30	Environmental Spending (\$B)	10
Space Program (\$B)	10	Art & Culture Spending (\$B)	5
Transportation (\$B)	15	Energy Spending (\$B)	10
Healthcare (\$B)	20	Education (\$B)	10
Environment (\$B)	5	Defense (\$B)	10
Space (\$B)	2	Art & Culture (\$B)	5
Transportation (\$B)	10	Energy (\$B)	10
Healthcare (\$B)	15	Education (\$B)	10
Environment (\$B)	5	Defense (\$B)	10
Space (\$B)	2	Art & Culture (\$B)	5
Transportation (\$B)	10	Energy (\$B)	10
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Transportation (\$B)	10	Energy (\$B)	10
Healthcare (\$B)	15	Education (\$B)	10
Environment (\$B)	5	Defense (\$B)	10

comprises two apertures through which said pair of pins in said connecting member pass to secure said gemstone to said item of jewelry.

24. A combination as set forth in claim 1, wherein said sleeve is separate from said connecting member and is slid on said connecting member beneath said surface.

25. A combination as set forth in claim 1, wherein said sleeve is integrally formed from the undersurface of said surface of said item of jewelry.

26. A combination as set forth in claim 1, wherein said gemstone comprises an oval gemstone, said aperture com-

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* * * *

said jewelry item:

said connecting member being pushed
downwardly on said gemstone to hold
said gemstone in place, said sleeve being
cold soldered to said pin to secure said
connecting member in place.

--29. A combination as set forth in claim
28, wherein said item of jewelry is a
pendant.

--30. A combination as set forth in claim
29, wherein said connecting member
comprises a bar which straddles the
gemstone.

--31. A combination as set forth in claim
28, wherein said item of jewelry is a ring.

--32. A combination as set forth in claim
31, wherein said connecting member
comprises a bar which straddles the
gemstone.



US005765398A

United States Patent [19]

Bardisbanyan

[11] Patent Number: **5,765,398**
 [45] Date of Patent: **Jun. 16, 1998**

[54] METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR ASSEMBLING STONES IN JEWELRY

[75] Inventor: **Vahran Bardisbanyan**, Encino, Calif.

[73] Assignee: **Marquesa, Inc.**, Van Nuys, Calif.

[21] Appl. No.: **740,851**

[22] Filed: **Nov. 4, 1996**

[51] Int. Cl.⁶ **A44C 17/02**

[52] U.S. Cl. **63/26; 63/28; 63/15**

[58] Field of Search **63/26, 27, 28, 63/15; 29/10, 896.41, 896.411, 896.412, 455.1; 228/132, 120, 189**

[56] References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

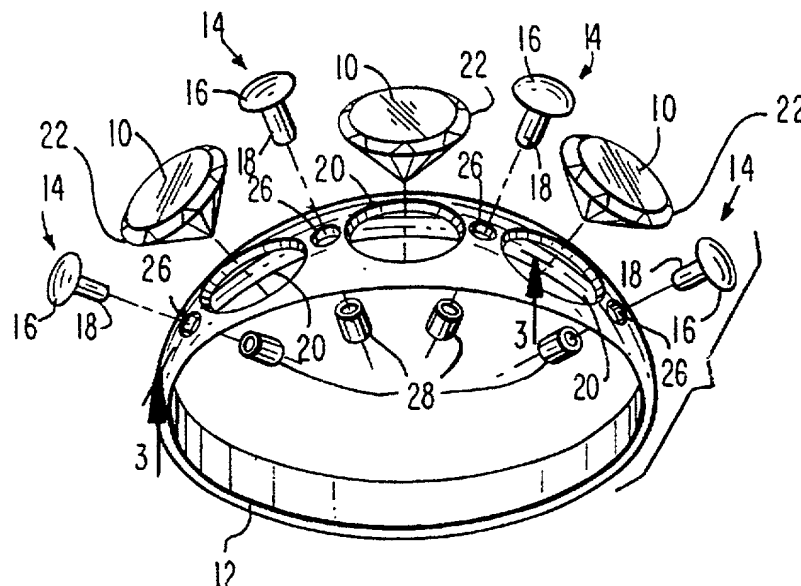
4,292,818 10/1981 Vitau 29/10
 4,543,698 10/1985 Plantureux 29/10

Primary Examiner—Kien T. Nguyen
Attorney, Agent, or Firm—Levisohn, Lerner, Berger & Langsam

[57] ABSTRACT

A combination of a connecting or assembly member, a gemstone and an item of jewelry in which the assembly or connecting member connects the gemstone to the jewelry is disclosed. The connecting member comprises a projecting pin which passes through a corresponding small hole in the surface of the jewelry. The gemstones are placed in apertures, and the size of the aperture is smaller than that of the stone so that the stone nests into the aperture. The connecting members include projecting pins which pass through a corresponding small hole near the respective apertures and cold soldering is employed to secure the projecting pin in place thereby securing each stone in place in the jewelry.

27 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



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Reissue Application No:

Patent No.: **5,765,398**

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Granted: **Jun. 16, 1998**

Patentee: **Vahran Bardisbanyan**

Assignee: **Marquesa, Inc.**

Title: ***Method and Apparatus for
Assembling Stones in Jewelry***

Attorney Docket No.: **560.027**

Commissioner for Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

REISSUE APPLICATION BY THE INVENTOR

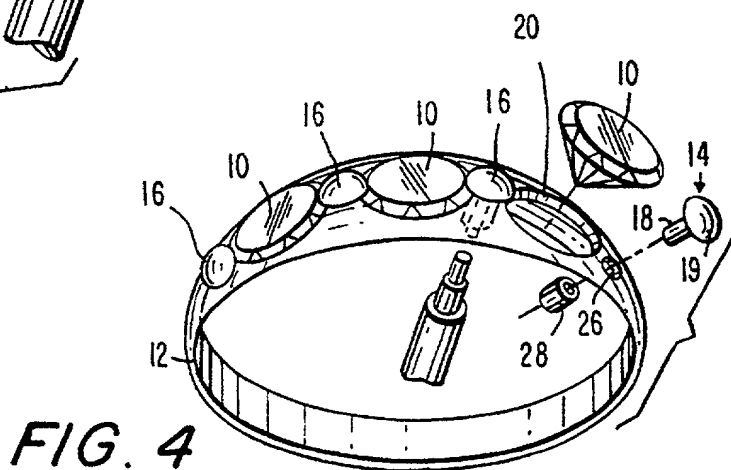
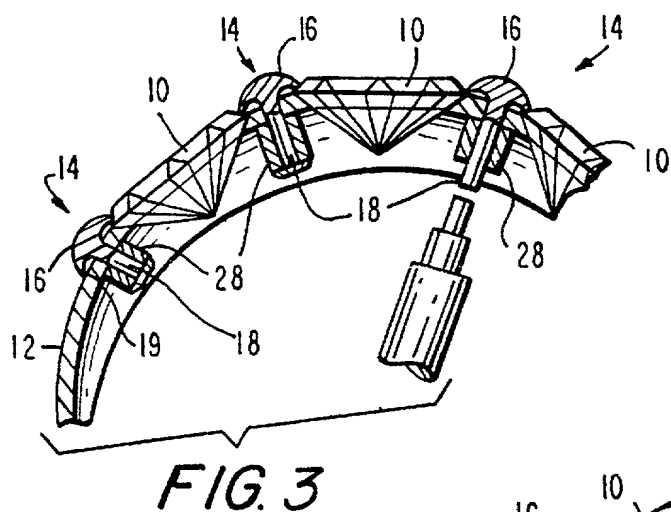
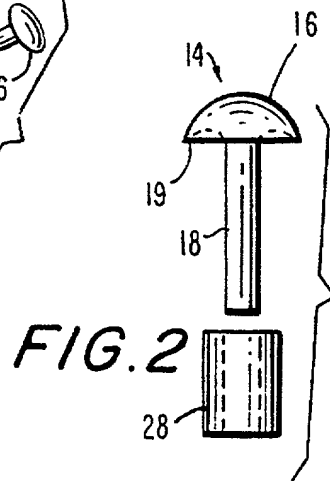
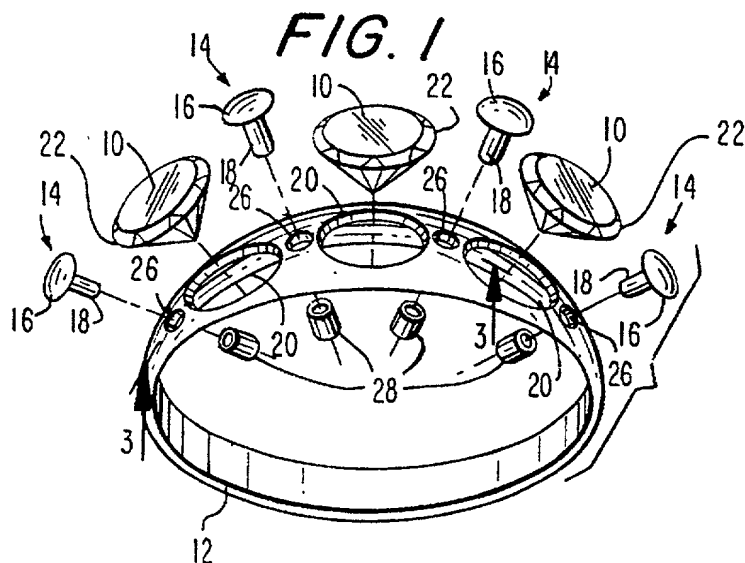
Sir:

Kindly reissue the above identified patent with claims including original claims 1- 27, as issued in U.S. Patent No. 5,765,398 and, in addition, include newly added claims 28 - 32.

REMARKS

Applicant has requested a reissue patent in that the patent, as originally issued, is partially defective since the claims claimed less than applicant was entitled to in view of the prior art. More specifically, all of the claims, as issued, indicated that the surface of the jewelry item has a longer and a shorter dimension and that the gemstone has two opposite ends in the general direction of the longer dimension. Therefore, the issued claims required for the gemstone to be set in the direction of the longer dimension. Such limitation was not required by the prior art and Applicant's inventive contribution was broader than embodied in the issued claims. Therefore, the above mentioned limitations were eliminated from the claims 28-32, submitted with this application.

Applicant has requested that claims 28 -32 be added to the claims as originally issued and that a new patent issue with all claims 1 - 32.



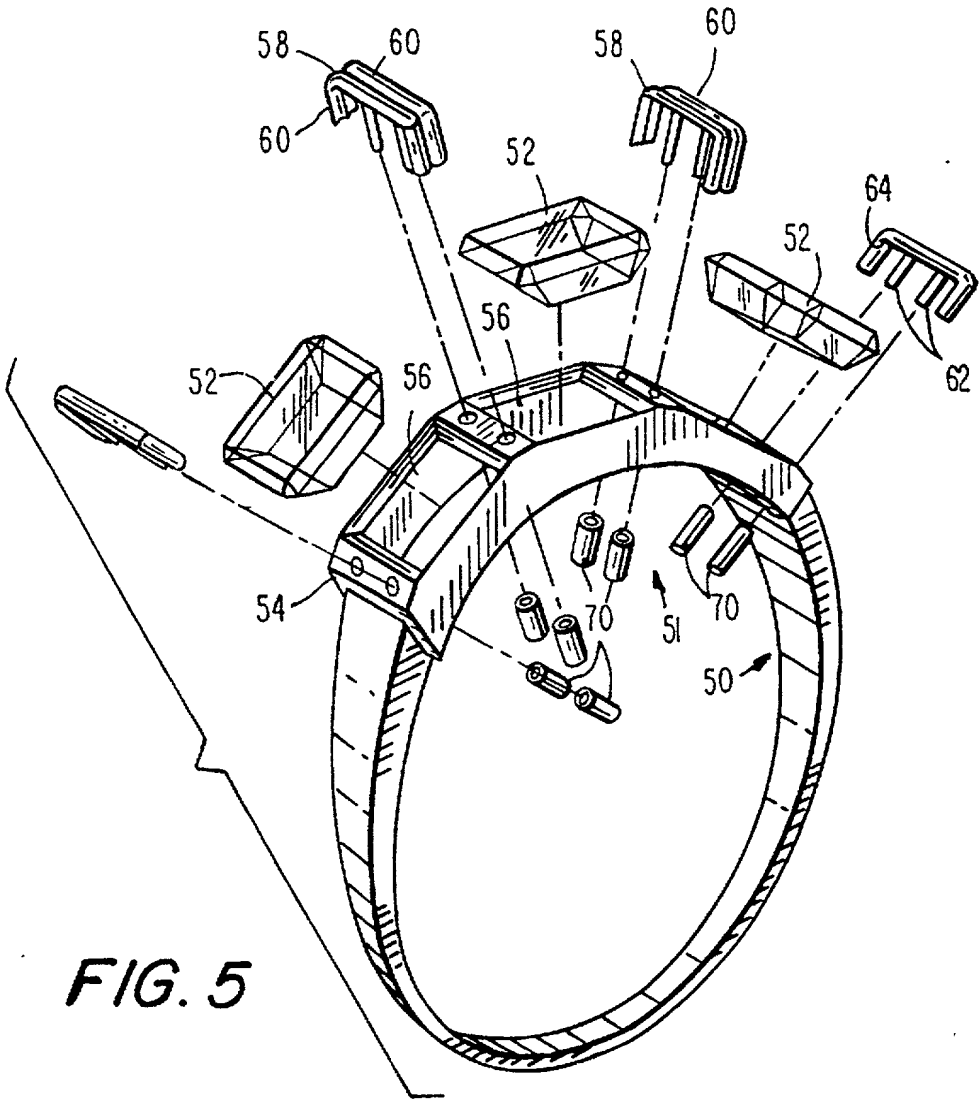


FIG. 5

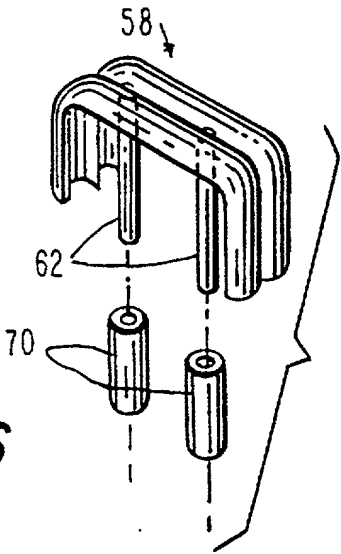


FIG. 6

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Granted: **Jun. 16, 1998**

Patentee: **Vahran Bardisbanyan**

Assignee: **Marquesa, Inc.**

Title: ***Method and Apparatus for
Assembling Stones in Jewelry***

Attorney Docket No.: **560.027**

Commissioner for Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

REISSUE APPLICATION DECLARATION BY THE INVENTOR

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is described and claimed in U.S. Patent Number 5,765,398, granted June 16, 1998, and for which a reissue patent is sought on the invention entitled Method and Apparatus for Assembling Stones in Jewelry, the specification of which

☒ is attached hereto

☐ was filed on _____ as reissue application number ____ / _____
and was amended on _____

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I verily believe the original patent to be wholly or partly inoperative or invalid, for the reasons described below.

☐ by reason of a defective specification or drawing.

☒ by reason of the patentee claiming more or less than he had the right to claim in the patent.

☐ by reason of other errors

(REISSUE APPLICATION DECLARATION BY THE INVENTOR, page 2)

At least one error upon which reissue is based is described as follows:

Specifically, Claims 28-32 are now added and represent changes from the original claims 1- 27. The new claims do not have the limitations that the surface of the jewelry item has a longer and a shorter dimension and that the gemstone has two opposite ends in the general direction of the longer dimension. Therefore, the new claims eliminate the limitation of the gemstone being set in the direction of the longer dimension. The prior art does not require that limitation. I desire to indicate herein that soon after the patent issued I first recognized that the original claims included the unnecessary limitation.

During the time of the patent's prosecution, I had been actively involved in seeking to commercialize the subject matter of the patent. In or about September-October of 1999, i.e., after the patent's issuance and while carefully reviewing the issued patent deed to determine scope of protection vis a vis possible infringers and potential licensees, I contacted my patent attorneys after reading the claim language. This was a result of trying to determine precisely the scope of the invention that I was granted by the U.S. Patent Office. I then first recognized the claims included the limitations that the surface of the jewelry item has a longer and a shorter dimension and that the gemstone has two opposite ends in the general direction of the longer dimension. I then inquired of my patent attorneys as to why this limitation was included. We discussed the relevant prior art and we jointly recognized that the limitations were unnecessarily restrictive and not required by the prior art. We discussed various options and it was then concluded, mutually, that a reissue application should be filed seeking to eliminate that limitation since it was not required by the prior art and since my inventive contribution was broader than embodied in the issued claims.

I believe that my invention is more broadly defined in Claims 28-32.

All errors corrected in this reissue application arose without any deceptive intention on the part of the applicant.

Table 1. Demographic characteristics of the study population	
Age (years)	65.0 ± 10.0
Gender	
Male	50 (50.0%)
Female	50 (50.0%)
Education (years)	12.0 ± 2.0
Marital status	
Married	40 (80.0%)
Single	10 (20.0%)
Occupation	
Retired	30 (60.0%)
Unemployed	20 (40.0%)
Income (USD/month)	1000.0 ± 500.0
Health status	
Good	30 (60.0%)
Poor	20 (40.0%)
Comorbidities	
Hypertension	15 (30.0%)
Diabetes	10 (20.0%)
Cholesterol	12 (24.0%)
Smoking status	
Smoker	10 (20.0%)
Non-smoker	40 (80.0%)
Alcohol consumption	
Regular	5 (10.0%)
Occasional	15 (30.0%)
Never	30 (60.0%)

Name(s)/Registration Number(s)

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Full name of sole or first inventor:

Inventor's Signature:

3/17/00

Citizenship:

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Anna Vishev

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